

The Daily Gazette

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

One Year, \$10.00; One Year, \$10.00
 Six Months, \$6.00; Six Months, \$6.00
 Three Months, \$3.00; Three Months, \$3.00
 DELIVERED BY CARRIERS.

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 THE GAZETTE, Fort Worth, Texas.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4.

THE GAZETTE seems to be an issue.

THERE is more in Democracy than a name.

GOV. IRELAND vouched last night for THE GAZETTE's Democracy. Thanks.

If the Dallas Herald thinks THE GAZETTE is dead, it ought to have been at the speaking last night.

BUTLER ought to be matched against Carter Harrison. Self-modesty would take a back seat when they came together.

GOV. IRELAND said Mr. Gibbs' mouth was watering to talk. But Barney only wanted to get near that cup of "coffee."

MR. GIBBS said THE GAZETTE was the best paper in Texas, if it was off color on grass. Now, let the Herald rage and imagine a vain thing.

SENATOR TIERRELL seems to have crawled down deep in his little hole. He was probably paralyzed by the Ireland editorials in the News.

THE price of Egyptian mummies is very much depressed. A protective tariff is badly needed to keep up prices and encourage the mummy industry in Egypt.

RUTLAND JOHNSON was busily engaged saying nothing at last reports. May be he is probing into the truth of the reports that there is "something dead up the creek."

A NEW MEXICO journal chronicles the marriage of a lady named Little in the following:

"Max wants but Little here below, Nor wants that Little long."

MR. GIBBS said in his speech last night that he never paid THE GAZETTE for its puff of him. But he did not deny that he was a contributor to the millionaire's fund of \$20,000.

MR. GIBBS seemed to relish the idea that only 1,500,000 acres of land were being leased annually. There was a time, Barnett, when you "calculated" 35,000,000 at four cents into a pleasing sum for the dear little children.

THE quarrel in the Republican camp of Virginia between Cameron and Mahone, gives the Democrats an easy campaign in that state. Mahone wanted to boss and Cameron didn't want to be bossed; so the outcome is that there is a flurry, and the Democrats are gathered about in knots laughing at the fun.

THERE seems to have been a mistake as to the time of Hon. E. L. Dohoney's address to the people of Fort Worth. The time of his address is next Monday night instead of last Tuesday night. After the mistake was discovered Tuesday evening an effort was made to correct it through the evening Democrat, but without effect.

It looks as if Joe Sayers would have a walk-over in the Tenth congressional district. His Republican opponent, Judge Rector, has been badly crippled by the discovery of a letter written by him to a low negro politician in Bastrop, soliciting his assistance in capturing the Republican county convention and especially to rope in the German influence. This has raised the indignation of the better class of Republicans and it is doubted whether Rector can poll the full Republican vote.

It was the Federalist party, of which the present Republican party is the legitimate successor, that passed the celebrated alien act, which gave the president power to order out of the country, at his discretion, all naturalized foreigners with whose native country the United States might be at war. The Democratic party opposed this law, and as soon as it had driven the Federalists from power repealed the law. Naturalized citizens are now asked to vote for the candidates of the Republican party as their especial friends. It is something to have a historical record.

Actual Settlers that Don't Materialize.

Reports from the land office show the sale of a good many thousands acres of land every month. If this could be taken as evidence that West Texas is

being settled up by bona fide purchasers it would be a good omen. But the universal and undisputed news from all the western counties is that there is no immigration, and that the wagon-train is a thing of the past. From Colorado City and Abilene, the two central points of settlement on the Texas & Pacific road, information sustains the statement that so little immigration was never known. Now here is a singular contradiction of testimony. Activity in the land-selling department is prima facie evidence that there are settlers moving on the public lands. But the testimony of competent witnesses denies this, and asserts that fewer settlers are coming to the West at this time than ever within the recent history of that country. There must be some explanation of this conflicting evidence.

Praised in the entry of land has not been uncommon in the history of Texas. Within the last two months the existence of a general system of fraudulent land entries was discovered, and some of the guilty parties detected and arrested. If it was possible for Pierce and his assistants to take up land illegally, cannot others do so as well? And since there are thousands of acres being entered as taken up by actual settlers where no actual settlers are visible, is not this suggestive of fraud somewhere? It is about time for the land department to settle the discrepancy between the reports of that office and the reports from the West. There is rottenness somewhere.

The Negro, North and South.

The condition of the negro in the North and South is very much misapprehended, so far as relates to his political standing. The negro regards the Republican party as his best friend, and whatever of influence he has is given to the support of that party. He never stops to consider in what way he has been befriended by the Republican party. If he should severely catechize that party, and ask for an exhibit of benefits conferred, the showing would astonish him. The condition of the negro race at the North, in Republican strongholds, is one of subordination. They are not recognized or tolerated in politics by the white Republicans of the North any more than by the white Democrats of the South.

Throughout all the North no negroes will be seen engaged in anything but menial labor, except in the few cases where they have establishments of their own. In the South they will be found occupying offices of every character—municipal, county, state and national; in the legislatures and in the magistracy. In the North there are none in the legislatures, and next to none in any elective offices. What became of the one which the Democratic governor of Massachusetts attempted to appoint to a state position? He was rejected by a Republican executive council. How many have ever been sent to congress from Northern constituencies? How many colored postmasters have been appointed in Northern towns and cities? How many have ever been appointed ministers or consuls to foreign countries? What substantial evidence has ever been given by the Republican party that it had any use for the negro race, except to obtain their votes and make use of their wrongs, as fancied, as a means of exciting prejudice against the Democrats of the South? This spirit was strikingly manifested by Congressman Wise, a leading Republican of Virginia, who swore that he received negro members of the legislature in his kitchen when they came to visit him. Their votes being secured, their humble position was at the back door of the man whom they had elected.

These things have been told over and over again to the negroes of the South, but with a blind fatuity, born of ignorance and incapacity to resent a wrong, they cling to the Republican party in spite of the contempt with which they are treated when elections are over. They cannot be made to see how their condition could be bettered by acting with the Democrats. There is no prospect of a division among them, and they will continue to be "heavers of wood and drawers of water" for the Republican party.

A Welcome to Free Grass.

San Antonio Times.

We are now reading, with a great deal of pleasure, the Fort Worth GAZETTE. During the last few months we have not received THE GAZETTE, but some one at the Fort sent us a bulletin organ with the same name. We are glad to greet THE GAZETTE again.

No "Machine" at the Polls.

Kansas Record.

Let those who oppose the lease system see what they can do at the polls in November. Machine politicians may run conventions but they cannot run the polls. Let us rebuke the insult offered by the convention by sending to the next legislature tried Democrats, men who are able to lay out grievances before that body, and who have the nerve to battle for the right.

What About That \$20,000?

Austin Capital.

Didn't "Lara" know he was trampling truth in the dirt when he said the work of the convention at Houston "was mapped out in caucus a month before the convention met"? He should not have made the statement without proof of the fact. If he has that he can name time, place and parties. Will he be kind enough to give the country the benefit of his information in this regard?

POLITICAL.

William E. Endicott Nominated for Governor by the Democrats of Massachusetts.

Wisconsin Republicans Nominate the Present State Officials by Acclamation.

Gov. Robinson of Massachusetts Renominated by the Republican State Convention.

THE RETURNS IN VERMONT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Warren Gibbs, chairman of the Vermont Republican committee, says that the returns do not indicate that the Republican majority will be less than 23,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—At the headquarters of the Republican national committee to-day great satisfaction was expressed at the outcome of the election in Vermont. The executive committee were in session some time.

A REPUBLICAN MAJORITY. BURLINGTON, Vt., Sept. 3.—Warren Gibbs, chairman of the Vermont Republican state committee, has sent the following congratulatory dispatch on the Vermont election to Blaine:

BURLINGTON, Vt., Sept. 3.—Vermont points the way to victory next November in an old-fashioned Republican majority for the state ticket. In the face of an unscrupulous enemy who conducted a still-manipulated campaign by independent and traitorous of the split ticket, we won a glorious victory. The Green-mountain Republicans send greetings to a majority of 21,000 for Pingree and friends, and Blaine and Logan. The canvass was made on national issues. Vermont's history indorses the principles of protective tariff and protection of American citizens abroad. (Signed.) WARREN GIBBS.

A REDUCED MAJORITY.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Sept. 3.—Thirty additional towns heard from to-day give Pingree, Republican, for governor, 5200; Redington, Democrat, 2000; Soule, Greenbacker, 1500; scattering, 17; Pingree's majority over all, 2472. This added to the vote of the towns reported last night gives in the one hundred and forty-four towns heard from: Pingree, 29,918; Redington, 14,300; Soule, 4323; Independents and scattering, 2531, giving Pingree a majority over all of 14,615. The same towns gave Farnham, Republican, in 1880, 23,200; Phelps, Democrat, 15,445; Greenbackers, 425, giving Farnham a majority of 17,550. This shows a falling off in the Republican vote of 2000, and a Democratic vote of 833. The congressional vote in these towns in the first district is for Stewart, Republican, 6774; Simmons, Democrat, 4333; Kidder, Greenbacker, 247; giving Stewart a majority of 6074. In the second district, Grant, Republican, receives 14,542; Goddard, Democrat, 6111; scattering, 116; Grant's majority, 8315. The house of representatives stands: Republicans, 122; Democrats, 17; Independents, 2; Greenbackers, 3. The Democratic state committee says the Republican majority is 20,000.

IOWA DEMOCRATS.

DAVENPORT, Sept. 3.—The Iowa state Democratic convention met at 11 o'clock this morning, nearly all the delegations being full. Hon. Fred. Lehman of Des Moines was chosen temporary chairman. After appointment of the usual committees the convention adjourned till 2 p. m.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

The committee on resolutions presented the following, which was unanimously adopted without discussion: Resolved, that the Democratic party of Iowa, in conformity with the national Democratic platform this year adopted at Chicago, and cordially approving of the sentiments contained in Gov. Cleveland's letter of acceptance, and in the language of said letter we express our convictions that laws are necessary to protect the rights and customs of our people, and that which are consistent with good citizenship and the public welfare, are wise and just.

Therefore, we pledge ourselves to use honorable and lawful means to secure a speedy repeal of all laws in conflict therewith.

Jas. Dooley was nominated for secretary of state; for state treasurer, Hon. Geo. Derr; auditor, J. E. Henriques; attorney-general, M. V. Gannon.

MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRACY.

WORCESTER, MASS., Sept. 3.—The Democratic state convention was called to order by Gen. Collins who congratulated the Democratic party upon the certainty of success in November. The officers of the state committee were made the temporary officers of the convention and the usual committees were appointed. Jonas H. French was made permanent chairman. He addressed the convention at some length, every allusion to Gov. Cleveland being loudly applauded. The various committees were then appointed, and the convention took a recess.

THE NOMINATIONS.

An informal vote was taken for candidates for governor. The chairman stated that as a package of votes had been found closely put together, they must have been cast by mistake. Col. Hoggett, said the chair, had very mildly designated as a "mistake" a bunch of ballots found by the committee, but everyone knew what such mistakes meant in a political convention. He therefore moved that the committee be instructed to throw out the bunch of ballots in question and to report the state of the vote made. Carried by a large majority. It was soon announced by the committee counting the vote that it would be impossible to comply with the vote of the convention. A formal ballot was then ordered and the delegates were required to pass over the stage and deposit their votes with the chairman and secretary.

On the first formal ballot Wm. C. Endicott was nominated for governor. He received 385 votes of the 721 cast, or four votes more than necessary to choice. The nomination was then made unanimous and the ticket was completed as follows:

Lieutenant-governor, Jas. S. Gannell; secretary of state, J. McCowley; treasurer and secretary, Gen. Chas. Marsh; auditor, John Hopkins; attorney-general, W. Cummings.

THE CONVENTION THEN ADJOURNED.

THE PLATFORM. The platform adopted congratulates the party on its brilliant success in securing an honest national government through the election of the candidates for president and vice-president, Grover Cleveland and Thos. A. Hendricks. It declares its assent

to or its unqualified approval of the platform principles of the national Democratic convention. It believes that the administration conducted on these principles would secure to the people the greatest blessing of a free country, exact equality of every citizen under law, justice unbiased by race, color or creed, laws enacted in the interest of the many and not the few, not increase monopolies to favor capital, but to secure that harmony between capital and labor by arbitration or otherwise, which each shall receive its just proportion of the other; hence the platform affords the fullest protection to labor without disturbing the rights of the people; the careful husbanding of the public domain for the use of the people, and not to be squandered as has been and is to corporations that became vast land monopolies. The platform also calls for war taxes in time of war, peace taxes in time of peace with no vast surplus in the treasury to excite cupidity or excite extravagance. The restoration of coin silver as that agency. The restoration of coin silver as that agency. The restoration of coin silver as that agency.

WISCONSIN REPUBLICANS.

MADISON, WIS., Sept. 3.—The presence of Gen. Logan in Madison and the popular demonstration in his honor combined with the meeting of the Republican state convention has crowded the city with politicians and sightseers. The prohibitionists are also here in force urging their claims on the Republican party and preparing for the state convention which occurs to-morrow.

The Republican state convention was called to order at 12:15 p. m. by Chairman Taylor. A permanent organization was perfected by the nomination of Ogden H. Felhus of Oneville as presiding officer, there being no temporary organization. On assuming the chair Mr. Felhus thanked the convention in a strong Republican speech.

THE TICKET RENOMINATED.

The various committees were appointed and all resolutions were referred without debate. While the committee on resolutions was out the convention gave its attention to nominating state officers. Judge Humphrey moved that the present state officers be nominated by acclamation, and the motion prevailed without debate. The nominees are: Governor, Jeremiah M. Rusk; lieutenant-governor, Sam S. Rusk; secretary of state, Ernest G. Timm; state treasurer, Edw. McPetridge; attorney-general, Leander Frisby; state superintendent of public instruction, Robt. Graham; railroad commissioner, N. P. Harrigan; insurance commissioner, Phillip L. Spooner, Jr.

GEN. LOGAN IN WISCONSIN.

MADISON, WIS., Sept. 3.—A mass meeting was held in the park in front of the capital building this afternoon, fully 3000 people receiving Gen. Logan with prolonged cheering. The general was introduced by Gen. Fairchild and spoke for about thirty minutes, going over the same ground as was covered in speeches made elsewhere. At the close of his speech Gen. Logan and party left for Chicago. In the evening there was a grand torchlight parade, participated in by marching organizations from leading cities of the state. Prominent Wisconsin politicians addressed a mass meeting in the assembly-room at the capitol building, and overflow meetings were found necessary on account of the large attendance. The enthusiasm was intense. The house was brilliantly illuminated. The streets resounded with martial music until late at night.

MASSACHUSETTS REPUBLICANS.

BOSTON, MASS., Sept. 3.—The Republican state convention was called to order this morning by Chairman Lodges. Robert M. Moore, Jr., was chosen president. He addressed the convention. He noted the absence of some former associates, men of high character, who thought it necessary to part company with their old comrades for a while. He reviewed the course of the Democrats in congress in regard to the national election laws. He declared the impossibility of fair elections in the South, contrasted the course of the Democrats in congress with that of Blaine, and showed the progress of civil service reform under the Republicans. Morse then reviewed the attitude of both parties upon the tariff and closed by a lengthy defense of the character of Blaine.

After electing a permanent organization and appointing committees, the convention took a recess. On resuming the report of the committee on resolutions was presented and adopted without debate.

THE PLATFORM.

The platform favors a tariff in which reduction and corrections will be made with a view to reduce the surplus and the same time correct inequalities, but not by a tariff reduction, which is a step free trade favors a continued reform in the civil service; opposes political reform; a foreign policy is demanded which shall protect citizens everywhere. The restoration of the navy is advised. The nomination of Blaine and Logan strongly commended and the administration of President Arthur heartily praised.

On motion of Mr. Lodge the nomination of Gov. George D. Robinson for governor was carried by acclamation. The remainder of the old ticket was also renominated, as follows:

Lieutenant-governor, Oliver Ames; secretary of state, Henry S. Pierce; treasurer, Daniel A. Gleason; auditor, Charles P. Ladd; attorney-general, E. J. Sherman.

On motion, Hon. Geo. F. Hoar, Mark Hopkins and Hon. Thos. Talbot were unanimously nominated for congressmen at large. After a few remarks by N. P. Banks, the convention adjourned.

EX-GOV. HENDRICKS.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Sept. 3.—Ex-Gov. Hendricks addressed an audience of 4000 persons for an hour and a half at Connersville to-day, at the fair grounds. Mr. Hendricks' reception was most cordial. After repeating in substance the same speech delivered at Indianapolis Saturday, he closed as follows: You know I have been several times a candidate of and elected once or twice before the people of Indiana, more frequently than I desired. When I was elected governor I did not want to be a candidate. When I was nominated vice-president I did not want to be a candidate, but it is not necessary to talk about that now. (Cries of No.) I do not expect to be a candidate this time. (Cries: "But we wanted you.") I tell you I want your

votes the worst in the world. [Laughter and applause and cries of "You will get them!"] That is what I want. Some people have said that the candidate for vice-president ought not to go about making speeches. Well, I speak to my equals, to men who have the deciding of the question, and I want them to say when they elect this fall that the act which excluded reform and the office to which I was elected before was an infamous outrage, as the Republicans believe now. [Applause and cries, we know it.] I have not found one for a long time that was perfectly satisfied on that subject, and they are becoming rapidly satisfied of another thing, and that is that it is going to be repeated this fall.

They tell you that in New York the Irish people are going against the Democrats and that the laboring party is not going for Cleveland and all that. It is not worth while to disturb your minds about that.

The Irishman is a natural Democrat. [Great applause and laughter.] I am not speaking that in fun, I am speaking it in earnest. He has breathed the breath of anxious desire for a better government in his own country. When he comes here his sympathies are for popular government honestly and economically administered, and there has never been a time when the rights of foreigners had to be vindicated in this country that the Democratic party did not.

STAND BY THEIR RIGHTS.

Irishmen and Democrats stand together. When I was defeated in my own district, at Shelbyville, it was because I would not be a Know-nothing. If I had been willing to have been a Know-nothing and carry the Know-nothing votes, I would have done well, but I would have felt so mean all the balance of my life that I could not stand it. [Applause.] It was impossible. Now, my fellow-citizens, you have known me more or less for a good many years; if I am worthy of the high office the party has nominated me for, then

I APPEAL FOR YOUR SUPPORT NOW.

I received an honor in the convention that nominated me, an honor that very few men receive. It was an honor also to the people of my own state, and when it pleased me in nomination, it happened to be at a time when I did not know what was going on in the convention, and I was not drunk, either. [Laughter.] Then I could not refuse and did not desire to refuse it, but I am a candidate before you, and I take off my hat and ask the ladies and gentlemen for their support. [Applause.]

GEN. BUTLER AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, ILL., Sept. 3.—Gen. Butler arrived here this afternoon from Michigan. Owing to the fact that the train came at an unexpected hour the committee to meet him was not at the depot. He proceeded to the hotel and spent his time till evening in consulting with his supporters on the question of the proposed coalition with Democrats on an Illinois state ticket. The result has not transpired. About 3000 people gathered at the armory for the purpose of listening to an address by Gen. Butler.

HONORING THE SAGE OF GREYSTONE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The members of the committee to notify Mr. Tilden of the Chicago resolutions, present at the meeting this morning, were R. R. Tibble, Mississippi, chairman; A. W. Sulloway, New Hampshire; A. O. Bacon, Georgia; Gen. Durbin Ward, Ohio; B. B. Smalley, Vt.; F. O. Prince, Mass.; Leslie B. Faulkner, N. Y.; Gov. Leon Abbott, N. J.; Ex-Gov. Brown, Mo., and B. F. Jonas, Ia. They left the Fifth Avenue hotel and went to the foot of West Twenty-third street where Mr. Tilden's steam yacht Viking conveyed them to Greystone.

NOMINATIONS.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 3.—The Democratic convention this morning nominated J. H. Hopkins for congress in the Twenty-second district, and Morrison Foster in the Twenty-third district.

PORT HARBOR, MICH., Sept. 3.—The Republicans of the Seventh district nominated Edgar Weeks for congress.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 3.—Wallace W. Jones was nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Eleventh Kentucky district.

WINONA, MISS., Sept. 3.—The second Republican convention of this congressional district nominated M. K. Nester postmaster of Grenada, and the first convention nominated Judge Frazer, department revenue collector under him. This fairly divides the Republican party of the district. Both candidates are leading influential men in these parts.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 3.—The Republicans of this district nominated George A. Halsey for congress.

CHICAGO, ILL., Sept. 3.—A split among the Republican congressional committee in the Third Illinois district resulted in the calling of a second convention, which was held to-day, at which Wm. E. Mason was nominated for congress.

BURLINGTON, IOWA, Sept. 3.—Jno. S. Wilson was nominated by the Republican convention of the First district for congress.

Ohio Wool Growers.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Sept. 3.—A largely attended meeting of the state wool growers was held at the state fair to-day. Speeches were made by Congressman Converse and Columbus Delano. Resolutions were adopted pledging political support only to the "arid" men and for committee of one from each party in each congressional district to ascertain and publish whether each candidate favors restoration of wool tariff of 18 per cent.

Little thread hose in grain colors are now being offered by B. C. Evans Co. at attractive prices. For low prices in dry goods B. C. Evans Co. is your port. You will feel easy while trading there. The great bargains advertised by B. C. Evans Co. are positive. In fact, every department is daily receiving new and attractive goods in the way of low prices. While out shopping buyers desirous of saving money will do well to pay them a visit.

QUEEN CITY LIGHTHOUSE

The Company Adopt a New Muster Forty-Eight Arms.

The military company of Queen City, last night at 8:30 o'clock. The committee appointed of prices and exhibited material for making same from national. The company, after the propositions made by the manufacturers, instructed the committee composed of Sergeant, gent. Browning and Smith, to write a letter, adopted by the company, to the competition in price. The committee was instructed to ascertain the price of the uniform, and to have a regular meeting of the company.

The committee on application reported favorably on the application of Fred and John Buchanan, and being taken, the committee admitted to membership the company. The resignation of C. Dealy was accepted. Ford elected to fill the vacancy caused by some discussion it was change the name of the mission having been Adjutant-Gen. King, ent name, provided a notice of the meeting at the time was taken for the office at Austin. A time being suggested, a ballot selection of Queen City as the name of the company secretary was instructed a copy of the minutes and change of name to the

In motion of Sergeant following uniform was adopted: Navy blue uniform, pattern to that worn at the States Military Academy Point; navy blue blouse, with one row of five brass buttons; grey pants, with one stripe down outside seam; wear insignia of rank and States army.

An invitation was received Cleburne Light Guard to drill and military instruction on the 25th inst. The company could not accept, as it will not be in the possession of the company by that time. Joe Field and W. C. Cunningham were referred to committee.

B. H. Foster and Jas. Lee appointed drummers for the company. Chas. A. Angus appointed secretary ordered to order a drum, similar to that purchased by the company. The company will have a drum, four snare drums, two bass drums, under the direct drum-major. Committee on uniforms to select suitable uniform for drum corps.

Committee of two proposed a gun rack made and placed in the armory to receive the company. The company the year ballot upon the names of members of the company for election to honorary members and twenty-five of the business men of the city. The company were elected members of the Queen City Guards.

The company has new uniforms and at the day evening, the remaining forty-eight stands of arms in session of the company will be to the men.

Not for Pleasure. Mr. H. G. Lewis, representative of the ZETZEL representative, while away he visited his trip of pleasure North in a few days have in some line of boats and shown in the city. He captured styles and gave their names, and these have slipped from the memory and left him no memory of the subject. Mr. Lewis is independent but on the subject bought for a heavy trade and is expectancy till their

\$250 Reward.

DENTON, TEX., Sept. 3.—A pay \$50 for the arrest of the following described person: a white male, about 35 years of age, five feet tall, will weigh six feet tall, will weigh very slender build, very stooped, black hair, very curly or black eyes, rather smooth complexion, smooth faced and must appearance.

Finley Grissom—Twenty-five feet tall, and eleven weight 180 pounds, light gray eyes, brown hair, built, low-legged, and toed, is a cowboy, and shaven except mustache. Joe Sanders—Twenty-six feet high, rather weight 160 pounds, wavy brown eyes, brown hair, great deal of profane very common in appearance. Jack Davis—Twenty-five feet tall, and ten weight 150 pounds, light hair, blue or gray eyes, smooth shaven, has must appearance.

Charley Colquhoun—Twenty-five feet tall, and eleven weight 150 pounds, light hair, blue or gray eyes, smooth shaven, has must appearance.

For further information call at Denton, Tex. Sheriff Denton

The best bargains in Southwest in ladies' clothing by B. C. Evans Co. They are in plain white and line in plain white and cents each. This is a call early and get first these are gone we can't